## Attorney Docket No.: AVZ-007CP3 Group Art Unit: 1625

#### Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

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### **Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1-85 (Canceled).

86. [Currently Amended] A method for treating Parkinson's disease in a subject, comprising:

administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of a combination of creatine, a creatine phosphate or a creatine compound and a neuroprotective agent, such that Parkinson's disease in said subject is treated, wherein said neuroprotective agent is selected from the group consisting of inhibitors of glutamate excitotoxicity, 2,3 dimethoxy-5-methyl-6-decaprenyl benoquinone, nicotinamide, spin traps, growth factors, nitric oxide synthase inhibitors, cyclooxygenase 2 inhibitors, aspirin, ICE inhibitors, neuroimmunophilis, N-acetylcysteine, antioxidants, lipoic acid, cofactors, riboflavin, and CoQ10, wherein said creatine compound has the formula:

$$Z_1$$
 $C = X - A - Y$ 
 $Z_2$ 

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

- a) Y is selected from the group consisting of:  $-CO_2H$ , -NHOH,  $-NO_2$ ,  $-SO_3H$ ,  $-C(-0)NHSO_2J$  and -P(-O)(OH)(OJ), wherein J is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen,  $C_1$   $-C_6$  straight chain alkyl,  $C_3$   $-C_6$  branched alkyl,  $C_2$   $-C_6$  alkenyl,  $-C_3$   $-C_6$  branched alkenyl, and aryl;
- b) A is selected from the group consisting of: C, CH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkynyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkoyl chain, each having 0-2 substituents which are selected independently from the group consisting of:
- 1) K, where K is selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1$  - $C_6$  straight alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  straight alkenyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  straight alkoyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  branched alkyl,

U.S.S.N. 09/687,575 Examiner: R. Covington Attorney Docket No.: AVZ-007CP3 Group Art Unit: 1625 C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy; 2) an aryl group, wherein the aryl group is a 1-2 ring carbocycle and contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH2L and -COCH<sub>2</sub>L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy; and -NH-M, wherein M is selected from the group consisting of: 23) hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub> branched alkoyl; c) X is selected from the group consisting of NR<sub>1</sub>, CHR<sub>1</sub>, CR<sub>1</sub>, O and S, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen; 1) K where K is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight 2) alkyl, C2-C6 straight alkenyl, C1-C6 straight alkoyl, C3-C6 branched alkyl, C3-C6 branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy; 3) - an aryl group, wherein the aryl group is a 1-2 ring carbocycle and contains 0 2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: CH2L and -COCH<sub>2</sub>L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy; 4) a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>-a amino-w-methyl-w-adenosylcarboxylic acid attached

5) -- a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> a amino w aza w methyl-w adenosylcarboxylic acid

6) a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub>-a amino-w thia-w methyl w adenosylcarboxylic acid

via the w methyl carbon;

attached via the w-methyl carbon; and

attached via the w-methyl carbon;

d)  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  are chosen independently from the group consisting of: =0, -NHR<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>R<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sub>2</sub>OH; wherein  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  may not both be =0 and wherein R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:

### 1) hydrogen;

- 2) K, where K is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl; C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
- an aryl group, wherein the aryl group is a 1-2 ring carbocycle and contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH<sub>2</sub>L and -COCH<sub>2</sub>L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, ehloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
  - <u>34</u>) a C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> a-amino-carboxylic acid attached via the w-carbon; <u>and</u>
- B, wherein B is selected from the group consisting of:  $-CO_2H$ , -NHOH,  $-SO_3H$ , and  $-NO_2$ , OP(-O)(OH)(OJ) and -P(-O)(OH)(OJ), wherein J is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  straight alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  branched alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  branched alkenyl, and aryl, wherein B is optionally connected to the nitrogen via a linker selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl,  $C_2$  alkenyl, and  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkoyl.
- 5) D-E, wherein D is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>3</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub> branched alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> straight alkoyl, aryl and aroyl; and E is selected from the group consisting of: (P0<sub>3</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NMP, where n is 0-2 and NMP is ribonucleotide monophosphate connected via the 5' phosphate, 3' phosphate or the aromatic ring of the base; [P(=O)(OCH<sub>3</sub>)(0)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0-3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OH)(CH<sub>2</sub>)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0-3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; and an aryl group containing 0-3 substituents chosen independently from the group consisting of: Cl, Br, epoxy, acetoxy, OG, C(=O)G, and CO<sub>2</sub>G, where G is independently selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched

alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, wherein E may be attached to any point to D, and if D is alkyl or alkenyl, D may be connected at either or both ends by an amide linkage; and

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(P0<sub>3</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NMP, where n is 0 2 and NMP is a ribonucleotide monophosphate connected via the 5' phosphate, 3' phosphate or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OCH<sub>3</sub>)(0)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0 3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; -[P(=O)(OH)(CH<sub>2</sub>)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0 3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; and an aryl group containing 0 3 substituents chose independently from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>, Br, epoxy, acetoxy, OG, C(=O)G, and CO=G, where G is independently selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl; and if E is aryl, E may be connected by an amide linkage;

——————————————————————————————————————	if R <sub>4</sub> and at leas	st one R <sub>2</sub> group	are present,	R <sub>1</sub> may be	connected	<del>by a</del>
single or doul	ble bond to an R	group to form	a cycle of 5	to 7 memb	ers;	

- f) if two R<sub>2</sub> groups are present, they may be connected by a single or a double bond to form a cycle of 4 to 7 members; and
- g)—if  $R_1$  is present and  $Z_1$  or  $Z_2$  is selected from the group consisting of NHR2, CH2R2 and NR2OH, then  $R_1$  may be connected by a single or double bond to the carbon or nitrogen of either  $Z_1$  or  $Z_2$  to form a cycle of 4 to 7 members.

Claims 87-90 (Cancelled).

- 91. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 86 or 133, wherein said neuroprotective agent is a spin trap.
- 92. [Previously Presented] The method of claim 91, wherein said spin trap is PBN.
- 93. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 86 or 133, wherein said neuroprotective agent is a cofactor for normal cellular metabolism.

94. [Previously Presented] The method of claim 93, wherein said cofactor is carnitine.

- 95. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 86 or 133, wherein said neuroprotective agent is an antioxidant.
- 96. [Previously Presented] The method of claim 95, wherein said antioxidant is vitamin E.
- 97. [Cancelled]
- 98. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 86 or 133, wherein said neuroprotective agent is riboflavin.
- 99. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 86 or 133, further comprising administering at least one additional neuroprotective agent or creatine compound.
- 100. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 86 or 133, wherein said creatine compound is creatine.

Claims 101-107 (Canceled).

108. [Currently Amended] A method for treating Huntington's disease in a subject, comprising:

administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of a combination of creatine, a creatine phosphate or a creatine compound and a neuroprotective agent, such that Huntington's disease is treated, wherein said neuroprotective agent is selected from the group consisting of inhibitors of glutamate excitotoxicity, 2,3 dimethoxy-5-methyl-6-decaprenyl benoquinone, nicotinamide, spin traps, growth factors, nitric oxide synthase inhibitors, cyclooxygenase 2 inhibitors, aspirin, ICE inhibitors, neuroimmunophilis, N-acetylcysteine, antioxidants, lipoic acid, cofactors, riboflavin, and CoQ10, wherein said creatine compound has the formula:

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$$Z_1$$
 $C = X - A - Y$ 

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, wherein:

- Y is selected from the group consisting of: -CO<sub>2</sub>H,-NHOH, -NO<sub>2</sub>,-SO<sub>2</sub>H, C(-0)NHSO<sub>2</sub>J and P(-O)(OH)(OJ), wherein J is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, C1 C6 straight chain alkyl, C2 C6 branched alkyl, C2 C6 alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-branched alkenyl, and aryl;
- A is selected from the group consisting of: C, CH, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C5alkenyl, C2-C5alkynyl, and C1-C5 alkoyl chain, each having 0-2 substituents which are selected independently from the group consisting of:
- K, where K is selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1$  - $C_6$ 1) straight alkyl, C2-C6 straight alkenyl, C1-C6 straight alkoyl, C3-C6 branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
- 2) an aryl group, wherein the aryl group is a 1-2 ring carbocycle and contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH2L and -COCH<sub>2</sub>L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy; and
- -NH-M, wherein M is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> branched alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>4</sub> branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub> branched alkoyl;
- X is selected from the group consisting of NR<sub>1</sub>, CHR<sub>1</sub>, CR<sub>1</sub>, O and S, c) wherein R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:
  - 1) hydrogen;
- K where K is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight 2) alkyl, C2-C6 straight alkenyl, C1-C6 straight alkoyl, C3-C6 branched alkyl, C3-C6

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branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;

- 3) an aryl group, wherein the aryl group is a 1-2 ring carbocycle and contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH<sub>2</sub>L and -COCH2L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
- 4) a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> a amino w methyl w adenosylcarboxylic acid attached via the w methyl carbon;
- -5) -- a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> a amino-w-aza-w methyl w-adenosylcarboxylic acid attached via the w-methyl carbon; and
- 6) a C<sub>5</sub>-C<sub>9</sub> a amino w thia w methyl w adenosylcarboxylic acid attached via the w-methyl carbon;
- $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  are chosen independently from the group consisting of: =0, -NHR<sub>2</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>R<sub>2</sub>, -NR<sub>2</sub>OH; wherein Z<sub>1</sub> and Z<sub>2</sub> may not both be =0 and wherein R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of:
  - 1) hydrogen;
- K, where K is selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl; C2-C6 straight alkenyl, C1-C6 straight alkoyl, C3-C6 branched alkyl, C3-C6 branched alkenyl, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> branched alkoyl, K having 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
- 3) an aryl group, wherein the aryl group is a 1-2 ring carbocycle and contains 0-2 substituents independently selected from the group consisting of: -CH2L and -COCH2L where L is independently selected from the group consisting of: bromo, chloro, epoxy and acetoxy;
  - a C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> a-amino-carboxylic acid attached via the w-carbon; and <u>3</u>4)

B, wherein B is selected from the group consisting of:  $-CO_2H$ , -NHOH,  $-SO_3H$ , and  $-NO_2$ , OP(-O)(OH)(OJ) and -P(-O)(OH)(OJ), wherein J is selected from the group consisting of: hydrogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$  straight alkyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  branched alkyl,  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenyl,  $C_3$ - $C_6$  branched alkenyl, and aryl, wherein B is optionally connected to the nitrogen via a linker selected from the group consisting of:  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkyl,  $C_2$  alkenyl, and  $C_1$ - $C_2$  alkoyl.

straight alkyl, C<sub>3</sub>-branched alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>-straight alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-branched alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub> straight alkoyl, aryl and aroyl; and E is selected from the group consisting of:

(P0<sub>3</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NMP, where n is 0 2 and NMP is ribonucleotide monophosphate connected via the 5' phosphate, 3' phosphate or the aromatic ring of the base; [P(=O)(OCH<sub>3</sub>)(0)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0 3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; [P(=O)(OH)(CH<sub>2</sub>)]<sub>m</sub>-Q, where m is 0 3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; and an aryl group containing 0 3 substituents chosen independently from the group consisting of: Cl, Br, epoxy, acetoxy, OG, C(=O)G, and CO<sub>2</sub>G, where G is independently selected from the group consisting of: Cl<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-branched alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-branched alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-branched alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-branched alkenyl, Wherein E may be attached to any point to D, and if D is alkyl or alkenyl, D may be connected at either or both ends by an amide linkage; and

(P0<sub>3</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NMP, where n is 0 2 and NMP is a ribonucleotide monophosphate connected via the 5' phosphate, 3' phosphate or the aromatic ring of the base; [P(=O)(OCH<sub>3</sub>)(0)]<sub>m</sub> Q, where m is 0 3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; [P(=O)(OH)(CH<sub>2</sub>)]<sub>m</sub> Q, where m is 0 3 and Q is a ribonucleoside connected via the ribose or the aromatic ring of the base; and an aryl group containing 0 3 substituents chose independently from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub>, Br, epoxy, acetoxy, OG, C(=O)G, and CO=G, where G is independently selected from the group consisting of: C<sub>1</sub> C<sub>6</sub> straight alkyl, C<sub>2</sub> C<sub>6</sub> straight alkenyl, C<sub>1</sub> C<sub>6</sub> straight alkoyl, C<sub>3</sub> C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, C<sub>4</sub> C<sub>6</sub> branched alkenyl, and if E is aryl, E may be connected by an amide linkage;

e) if R<sub>1</sub> and at least one R<sub>2</sub> group are present, R<sub>1</sub> may be connected by a single or double bond to an R<sub>2</sub> group to form a cycle of 5 to 7 members;

f) if two R<sub>2</sub> groups are present, they may be connected by a single or a double bond to form a cycle of 4 to 7 members; and

g) if  $R_1$  is present and  $Z_1$  or  $Z_2$  is selected from the group consisting of NHR2, CH2R2 and NR2OH, then  $R_1$  may be connected by a single or double bond to the carbon or nitrogen of either  $Z_1$  or  $Z_2$  to form a cycle of 4 to 7 members.

Claims 109-112 (Cancelled).

- 113. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 108 or 134, wherein said neuroprotective agent is a spin trap.
- 114. [Previously Presented] The method of claim 113, wherein said spin trap is PBN.
- 115. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 108 or 134, wherein said cofactor is a cofactor for normal cellular metabolism.
- 116. [Previously Presented] The method of claim 115, wherein said cofactor is carnitine.
- 117. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 108 or 134, wherein said neuroprotective agent is an antioxidant.
- 118. [Previously Presented] The method of claim 117, wherein said antioxidant is vitamin E.
- 119. [Cancelled].
- 120. [Previously Presented] The method of claim 117, wherein said neuroprotective agent is riboflavin.
- 121. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 108 or 134, further comprising administering at least one additional neuroprotective agent or creatine compound.

# 122. [Currently Amended] The method of claim 108 or 134, wherein said creatine compound is creatine.

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Claim 123-132 (Canceled).

pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

#### 134. [New] A method for treating Huntington's disease in a subject, comprising:

administering to a subject a therapeutically effective amount of a combination of creatine, a creatine phosphate or a creatine compound and a neuroprotective agent, such that Huntington's disease is treated, wherein said neuroprotective agent is selected from the group consisting of inhibitors of glutamate excitotoxicity, 2,3 dimethoxy-5-methyl-6-decaprenyl benoquinone, nicotinamide, spin traps, growth factors, nitric oxide synthase inhibitors, cyclooxygenase 2 inhibitors, aspirin, ICE inhibitors, neuroimmunophilis, N-acetylcysteine, antioxidants, lipoic acid, cofactors, riboflavin, and CoQ10, wherein said creatine compound is selected from the group consisting of:

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acceptable salts thereof.